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Milan, *October* 1. N. S.

THE Garison of *Valence* makes a very vigorous Defence; And the Enemies Troops have suffered very much by the Rains; But the Weather begins now to be fair again. The Forces of the Allies are still encamped near *Pavia*; and the Negotiations concerning the Neutrality are continued.

Turin, *Oct.* 2. The Letters from the Camp before *Valence* give this account; On the 27th past at night, the Marquis *de Villars*, Lieutenant General, mounted the Trenches on the Right with 3 Battalions, and 3 Companies of Grenadiers; and the Sieur *de Famechon*, Mareschal de Camp, on the Left, with two Battalions, and 3 Companies of Grenadiers; It rained very hard; however we continued our Works, and lost only 3 or 4 Men. The 28th the Trenches were relieved with the same number as the day before, under the command of the Chevalier *de Vendosme*, Great Prior of *France*, and we had several Men killed and wounded. The 29th the Chevalier *de Tesse*, Lieutenant General, commanded at the Trenches; That night, about Eleven a Clock, the Besieged made a Sally with 600 chosen Men, most of them Fuseliers and Grenadiers; They had Orders not to fire, but to advance silently, and attack our Men with their Bayonets at the end of their Fusils, that they might not allarm our Cavalry, who to the number of 200 are every night on the Guard on the Right and Left of the Palisadoes; The Enemy came on unperceived to the Head of our Trenches, and fell upon our Workmen, who thereupon fled, and caused much disorder in the Trenches; so soon as they found they were discovered, they fired a whole Volley, which did a great deal of mischief among our Grenadiers, and made them give way, but rallying afterwards, and being supported by a fresh Detachement, they forced back the Enemy, and followed them to the Palisadoes; We had in this Occasion above 60 Men killed and wounded, among whom were the Major, and a Captain of the Regiment of *Clare*; The Enemy lost several Men, but we know not their number. The 30th the Marquis *de Vaubecour*, Lieutenant General, relieved the Trenches with the same number of Battalions as before; we carried on our Trenches, and played upon the place from several Batteries, and a Bomb let fire to a parcel of the Enemy's Granadoes. That night we fixed out Mihers to an advanced Work, which the Besieged thereupon abandoned, and retired to the Town.

Vienna, *Oct.* 3. We have received no Letters this week from the Imperial Army in *Hungary*; which our last left encamped near *Peter-Waradin*, under the command of General *Caprara*; But they write from *Segedin*, that they had Intelligence, the Turkish Forces, which stayed in the Neighbourhood of *Temeswaer*, when the Sultan lately marched from thence towards the *Danube*, in order to make an Incursion into *Transilvania*, finding that design inpracticable, were likewise retired, and had repassed the *Danube*; and that the German Troops which were left in those parts under General *Rabutin*, to observe them, were thereupon preparing to march to their Quarters. 'Tis writ from *Essecke*, that a Detachement of Turks, with the Assistance of their Fleet, had taken *Moravits* on the *Save*; But other Advices seem to contradict this News, though it true, 'tis of little consequence, being a small inconsiderable place. There comes a Report from *Transilvania*, that the Moscovites have taken another place from the Turks called *Tomrachi*; and that the Seffacks, subject to the Czar, have defeated the Army of the Tartars, and killed 20000 of them, but we know not what credit to give to it. This day was observed here the Birth-Day of the Arch-Duke *Charles*, the Emperor's Second Son, who is entred into his Twelfth Year.

Francfort, *Oct.* 11. The Confederate Army under the command of Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* repassed the *Rhine* neat *Wormes* on the 6th and 7th of this month, and were by our last Letters encamped at *Hofheym*; The greatest part of the French Army passed the *Rhine* about the same time at *Philipsburg*, and sent a strong Detachement to fall upon General *Thungen*, who was marching back from the Neighbourhood of *Strasburg*, but they were disappointed in their design, and the said General returned with his Troops on the 8th Instant to his old Entrenchments at *Eppingen*.

Cologne, *Oct.* 12. By the last Letters from the *Upper-Rhine* the German and French Armies were going to separate, in order to repair to their Winter Quarters.

Hamburgh, *Oct.* 12. The Letters from *Warsaw* of the 28th of the last month tell us, that there had been very great Heats in the Dyet, and some of the Deputies protesting against what was done, it had like to have broke up their Meeting in great disorder, but the Archbishop of *Gnesna* prevailed with them, to repair to the Chamber of the Senators, where it was at last agreed, That the Election of a King should be on the 15th of *May* next, when all the Gentlemen are to meet together on Horseback for this purpose; That whoever endeavours to promote a Native to the Crown should be look'd upon as an Enemy of his Country; and that Care should be taken to pay the Arrears of the Army. They write by the last Letters from *Dresden*, that the Elector of *Saxony* was expected there in few days from *Vienna*.

Paris,